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# APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR ATTACHING FILAMENTARY MEMBERS TO A SUBSTRATE

#### Field of the Invention

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This invention concerns a device and a method for attaching filamentary members, particularly optical fibers, to a substrate.

#### Background of the Invention

Various methods and devices are available for attaching optical fibers to a substrate in a particular pattern which becomes visible when the optical fiber ends are illuminated. Such patterns may form merely decorative devices as well as trademarks associated with advertising a particular product or service or other words, phrases or symbols associated with or promoting an organization, event or thing. substrate to which the optical fibers are attached could be a banner or a part of an article of clothing such as a hat or a coat. The optical fibers and their associated illuminating means (typically battery powered light emitting diodes) are hidden within a lining or on the inside of the garment or on a reverse side of the banner with only the illuminatable ends visible on an outwardly facing surface of the substrate.

Disadvantages associated with current devices and methods for attaching optical fibers to substrates include the slowness of the procedures and their use of an adhesive to fix the optical fiber to the substrate. Devices currently available require on the order of six seconds per attachment and use liquid adhesives cured by exposure to ultraviolet light. The use of liquid adhesive complicates the attachment device and method and increases the cost of production due to the use of a relatively expensive consumable (the adhesive) which must be constantly replenished. The relatively long duration of time required to attach each fiber makes complicated designs requiring many fibers impractical for economic mass production. There is clearly a need for improved machines and methods of attachment of filamentary members, such as optical fibers, to a substrate.

#### Summary and Objects of the Invention

The invention concerns an apparatus for attaching a filamentary member to a substrate having a plastic layer. In a preferred embodiment, the apparatus comprises a support surface positionable facing the substrate and engageable with it. A needle is movable relatively to the substrate and adapted to penetrate it and form an opening therethrough. The opening is positionable adjacent to the support surface.

Preferably, the support surface is fixed and the needle is movable through an aperture located in the support surface.

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A swaging tool having a swaging surface is positioned with the swaging surface facing the support surface. The swaging tool and the support surface are

movable relatively to one another so as to compress the substrate between the swaging surface and the support surface. Preferably, the swaging tool moves relative to the support surface. The swaging tool has a passageway therein for receiving the filamentary member. The passageway is alignable with the opening in the substrate formed by the needle. The filamentary member is positionable through the passageway and into the opening. When the substrate is compressed between the support surface and the swaging tool, the swaging surface deforms a portion of the plastic layer around the opening so as to swage the filamentary member to the substrate.

Preferably, a heater is mounted on the needle, the needle being heated and melting the portion of the plastic layer upon forming the opening in the substrate.

It is convenient to include an outer sleeve positioned within the aperture through the support surface. The outer sleeve has a lengthwise oriented bore for receiving the needle therein. The outer sleeve is movable relatively to the needle to extend outwardly from the support surface and penetrate the substrate layer along with the needle. The bore of the outer sleeve forms a guide for directing the filamentary member into the opening in the substrate when the needle and the outer sleeve have penetrated the substrate and the needle is moved away from the substrate relatively to the outer sleeve.

It is also preferable to use a stripper tube having a lengthwise bore therethrough. The swaging

tool is positioned within the stripper tube bore and is movable relatively thereto. The stripper tube is movable relatively to the support surface and has an end engageable with the substrate for separating the substrate from the swaging tool when the swaging tool is moved away from the substrate relatively to the stripper tube.

Motion of the stripper tube, swaging tool, needle and outer sleeve is preferably coordinated by cams. practice, the apparatus includes a first cam rotatable about a first axis and a first cam follower engaging the first cam and mounted on the stripper tube. first cam moves the stripper tube toward and away from the support surface as it rotates. The apparatus also includes a second cam rotatable about a second axis and a second cam follower engaging the second cam and mounted on the swaging tool. The second cam moves the swaqing tool toward and away from the support surface. A third cam, rotatable about a third axis, cooperates with a third cam follower mounted on the needle. third cam moves the needle through the aperture in the support surface to extend from or retract the needle beneath the support surface. The cams are shaped and rotated so as to coordinate the relative motion of the stripper tube, the needle and the swaging tool for swaqing the filamentary member to the substrate.

The apparatus may also comprise a fourth cam rotatable about a fourth axis and cooperating with a fourth cam follower mounted on the outer sleeve surrounding the needle. The fourth cam moves the outer sleeve through the aperture to extend from or retract beneath the support surface in cooperation with the

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needle, the stripper tube and the swaging tool. Note that the various cam axes may be distinct from one another or coincident, as they merely serve to illustrate the axis of rotation of the various cams.

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The apparatus also preferably includes a pair of nip rollers mounted for rotation in opposite directions and having respective circumferential surfaces engaging the filamentary member on opposite sides thereof. The rollers are positioned above the swaging tool and, upon rotation, feed the filamentary member through the passageway of the swaging tool and into the opening in the substrate.

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It is convenient to use a frame for supporting the substrate. The frame is positioned between the support surface and the stripper tube and is movable transversely thereto for positioning a predetermined location on the substrate beneath the swaging tool for attachment of the filamentary member at the predetermined location.

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The invention also contemplates a method of attaching a filamentary member to a substrate having a plastic layer. The method comprises the steps of:

- (A) forming an opening through the substrate at a predetermined location on the substrate;
- (B) inserting the filamentary member through the opening; and
- (C) deforming a portion of the plastic layer surrounding the opening into contact with the filamentary member.

In the method according to the invention, the deforming step includes swaging the portion of the plastic layer. The swaged portion is preferably formed into a conical shape surrounding the filamentary member. The deforming step may also include melting the portion of the plastic layer prior to or during swaging or otherwise deforming the layer. The deforming step may also include fusing the portion of the plastic layer to or with the filamentary member.

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The invention also includes a substrate having a filamentary member attached according to the invention. The substrate comprises a plastic layer and a filamentary member extending transversely through the substrate and attached thereto by deforming a portion of the plastic layer surrounding the filamentary member into contact with the filamentary member.

It is an object of the invention to provide an apparatus that can attach filamentary members to a substrate rapidly and precisely.

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It is another object of the invention to provide an apparatus that is relatively simple to program and operate.

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It is yet another object of the invention to provide a method for attaching a filamentary member to a substrate that does not use an adhesive.

It is still another object of the invention to provide a method for attaching a filamentary member to a substrate which is inexpensive.

It is again another object of the invention to provide a method for attaching a filamentary member to a substrate that provides a relatively high pull-out load between the filamentary member and the substrate.

It is also another object of the invention to provide an article wherein filamentary members are attached to a substrate.

These and other objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent upon consideration of the drawings and following detailed description.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

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Figure 1 is a perspective view of an apparatus for attaching filamentary members to a substrate according to the invention;

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Figure 2A is a partial sectional view taken at line 2A-2A of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a front view of the apparatus shown in 20 Figure 1;

Figure 4 is a partial sectional view taken at line 4-4 of Figure 2;

Figure 5 is a view on an enlarged scale of a portion of the apparatus shown in Figure 3;

Figure 5A is a detailed view on an enlarged scale of a portion of Figure 5 within the broken circle;

Figures 6A and 6B are partial sectional views taken at line 6-6 in Figure 3;

Figure 7 is a view on an enlarged scale of a portion of the apparatus shown within the broken circle 7 in Figure 6A;

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Figure 8 is a view on an enlarged scale of a portion of the apparatus shown within the broken circle 8 in Figure 6B; and

Figures 9-14 show a series of views depicting the operation of the apparatus shown in Figure 1.

### Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

Figure 1 shows an apparatus 10 for attaching filamentary members to a substrate according to the invention. Apparatus 10 has a base 12 on which is mounted a stanchion 14. An x-y table 16 is mounted on stanchion 14, the table having an x-direction actuator 18 and a y-direction actuator 20 for moving the table transversely in the x and y directions as defined by arrows 22 and 24. Table 16 may take any practical form necessary to hold a substrate 26 (shown in broken line) to which filamentary members are to be attached, the table being shown by way of example as a tentering frame 28 mounted on the actuators 18 and 20 for tensioning and positioning the substrate 26 for presentation to the filamentary member insertion assembly described below.

An upper mounting plate 30 is attached to stanchion 14 and positioned above x-y table 16 via a horizontally extending beam 32, shown in broken line. An upper cam wheel 34 is mounted on the upper mounting As best shown in Figure 2, the upper cam wheel 34 is mounted in a bearing 36 for rotation about an axis 38. An upper drive shaft 40 is connected to the upper cam wheel 34 and extends through beam 32 from bearing 36 to another bearing 42 mounted within the stanchion 14. An electric motor 44, also preferably mounted on the stanchion 14 powers the upper drive shaft 40 via a drive belt assembly 46 positioned within stanchion 14 and shown in hidden line. Other means of powering the drive shaft, such as a geared transmission or direct motor drive are also feasible.

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As best shown in Figure 3, upper cam wheel 34 comprises two upper cams 48 and 50, defined by cam surfaces which appear respectively as non-circular grooves 48a and 50a in the upper cam wheel 34. and 50 rotate about respective axes of rotation 38a and 38b, best shown in Figure 2. The axes coincide with one another and with the axis 38 of the upper cam wheel 34 since both cams 48 and 50 are mounted on the cam However, the cams could also be wheel 34. independently mounted, in which case, the axes of rotation might not be coincident. As described below, cam followers of various reciprocating components of the filamentary member insertion assembly ride in the grooves 48a and 50a, the shape of the grooves and their angular relation to one another coordinating the relative movements of the reciprocating components of the filamentary member insertion assembly.

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turned by the feed assembly motor 54. The compliant material layer 78 is used to prevent damage to the filamentary member 70 while insuring adequate purchase between it and the nip rollers to provide feeding of accurate lengths of the filamentary member precisely timed to coordinate with the components of the insertion assembly described below.

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Figure 1 shows a lower mounting plate 80 positioned beneath x-y table 16. A lower cam wheel 84 is mounted on the lower mounting plate. As best shown in Figure 2, the lower cam wheel 84 is mounted in a bearing 86 attached to the lower mounting plate 80, the bearing 86 permitting rotation of the lower cam wheel 84 about an axis 88. Mounting plate 80 is slidably mounted on a block 81 attached to the base 12 and to stanchion 14 by a beam 82. Movement of the lower mounting plate 80 relative to block 81 is effected by an actuator, preferably a pneumatic cylinder 83 mounted on the lower mounting plate 80 and engaging the block As shown in Figure 2, extension of the pneumatic cylinder 83 positions the lower mounting plate in the operating position, and, as shown in Figure 2A, retraction of the pneumatic cylinder 83 allows the lower mounting plate 80 and all components mounted thereon to move downwardly. To maintain a true orientation of the lower mounting plate 80 during and after adjustment, an elongated vertically oriented track 85 is mounted on the block 81. Track 85 is engaged by wheels 87 mounted on the lower mounting plate 80, engagement of the wheels and track guiding the motion of the lower mounting plate 80 relatively to the block 81.

A lower drive shaft 90 is connected to the lower cam wheel 84 and extends from bearing 86 to another bearing 92 mounted within the stanchion 14. belt assembly 96 (shown in hidden line) is positioned within stanchion 14 and connects the lower drive shaft 90 to the upper drive shaft 40 so that both drive shafts and their respective lower and upper cam wheels 84 and 34 may be turned by motor 44. Flexible couplings 104 couple the lower drive shaft between the bearings 86 and 92 and allow the shaft to be readily adjusted through an angle 106 to accommodate the relative motion of the lower mounting plate 80 to the block 81 as illustrated by a comparison of Figures 2 Adjusting the vertical position of lower and 2A. mounting plate 80 by means of the pneumatic actuator 83 permits precise, adjustable positioning of the filamentary member insertion assembly (described below) as well as the ability to more easily position a substrate between the components of the insertion assembly by separating its components. A shock absorber 102 is adjustably mounted on the lower mounting plate 80 and engages the block 81. absorber 102 is adjustable, for example by means of a screw thread and jam nut, and damps the relative motion between the lower mounting plate 80 and the block 81 when the lower mounting plate is moved by the pneumatic actuator 83.

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As best shown in Figure 3, lower cam wheel 84 comprises two lower cams 98 and 100, defined by cam surfaces which appear respectively as non-circular grooves 98a and 100a in the lower cam wheel 84. Cams 98 and 100 rotate about respective axes of rotation 88a and 88b, best shown in Figure 2. The axes coincide

with one another and with the axis 88 of the lower cam wheel 84 since both cams 98 and 100 are mounted on the cam wheel 84. However, the cams could also be independently mounted, in which case the axes of rotation might not be coincident. As described below, cam followers of various reciprocating components of the filamentary member insertion assembly ride in the grooves 98a and 100a, the shape of the grooves and their angular relation to one another as well as their relation to grooves 48a and 50a on the upper cam wheel 40 coordinating the relative movements of the reciprocating components of the filamentary member insertion assembly.

The filamentary member insertion assembly 108 is shown in Figures 1 and 3 and comprises an upper unit 110 and a lower unit 112. It should be noted that the relative placement of the various components, as well as their description as "upper" or "lower", is arbitrary and made for the sake of convenience and illustration only, it being understood that a practical apparatus may be assembled using the components in any one of many different configurations and still remain within the scope of the invention, the configuration shown and described being the preferred embodiment but by no means presenting any limitation on the invention.

Upper unit 110 comprises an upper bearing block 114 mounted on the upper mounting plate 30 between the upper cam wheel 34 and the x-y table 16. Upper bearing block 114 receives and guides two slider bars 116 and 118 in reciprocal motion relatively to one another and to the x-y table 16. As best shown in Figure 6A, slider bar 116 has a cam follower 120 at its upper end

which engages cam 50 (groove 50a) in the upper cam wheel 34. The lower end of slider bar 116 is attached to a swaging tool 122 which is used to fix the filamentary member to the substrate. Thus, the shape of cam 50 will determine the timing and extent of the reciprocal motion of the swaging tool 122. The swaging tool 122 is offset from the slider bar 116 for positioning beneath the guide block 66 of the filamentary member feeding assembly 52 so that the filamentary member 70 may be fed downwardly through the swaging tool as described below.

Preferably, swaging tool 122 is mounted on slider bar 116 via a biasing spring 123. Spring 123 allows limited vertical motion of the swaqing tool and biases it toward the substrate 26. Use of a biasing spring 123 to mount the swaging tool 122 allows the swaging tool to accommodate substrates of different thickness without adjustment and ensures that the swaging tool will engage the substrate with substantially the same force regardless of the substrate thickness. to ensure constant force engagement across a range of substrate thicknesses, it is preferred that biasing spring 123 be an air spring comprising a piston 125 movable within a cylinder 127. The pressure within the cylinder may be adjusted to provide a particular spring rate for a substrate of a particular thickness by injecting compressed air through nipple 129. be accomplished manually or automatically during machine operation by the control unit 158.

Figure 6A also shows slider bar 118 which has a cam follower 124 at its upper end. Cam follower 124 engages cam 48 (groove 48a) in the upper cam wheel 34.

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Note that slider bar 116 is configured to fit within slider bar 118 so as to have the same line of action and conveniently engage the upper cam wheel 34. lower end of slider bar 118 is attached to a stripper tube 126 which is used to separate the swaqing tool from the substrate during the insertion of the filamentary member 70. Stripper tube 126 is slidable within a mounting block 131 attached to the slider bar 118 and is spring biased toward the substrate 26 by a biasing spring 133. The stripper tube 126 is biased so that it may accommodate substrates of various thicknesses without adjustment but still engage the substrate with sufficient force to perform its functions which are to force the substrate down over a penetrating needle (described below) and to separate the substrate from the swaging tool after it has performed a swaging operation, also described below. The stripper tube 126 is offset from the slider bar 118 and has a lengthwise bore 128 which receives the swaging tool 122. The shape of cam 48 will determine the timing and extent of the reciprocal motion of the stripper tube 124, and together, cams 48 and 50 determine the relative motion of the swaging tool 122 and the stripper tube 126 to one another.

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Figure 7 shows the stripper tube 126 and the swaging tool 122 in detail. As described above, swaging tool 122 moves reciprocably within the bore 128 of the stripper tube 126 and has a lengthwise passageway 130 which receives the filamentary member 70 from the channel 68 of guide block 66. Swaging tool 122 has a swaging surface 132 at one end, the swaging surface preferably having a concave conical shape for

performing a swaging operation when engaged with the substrate as described below.

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As shown in Figure 3, the lower unit 112 of the filamentary member insertion assembly 108 comprises a lower bearing block 134 mounted on the lower mounting plate 80 between the lower cam wheel 84 and the x-y table 16. Lower bearing block 134 receives and guides two slider bars 136 and 138 in reciprocal motion relatively to one another and to the x-y table 16. best shown in Figure 6B, slider bar 136 has a cam follower 140 at its lower end which engages cam 100 (groove 100a) in the lower cam wheel 84. The upper end of slider bar 136 is attached to a needle 142 which is used to penetrate the substrate during insertion of the filamentary member. Thus, the shape of cam 100 will determine the timing and extent of the reciprocal motion of the needle 142. The needle 142 is offset from the slider bar 136 for aligning the needle with the bore 128 of the stripper tube 126 in the upper unit 110 of the filamentary insertion assembly 108.

Figure 6B also shows slider bar 138 which has a cam follower 144 at its lower end. Cam follower 144 engages cam 98 (groove 98a) in the lower cam wheel 84. Note that slider bar 136 is configured to fit within slider bar 138 so as to have the same line of action and conveniently engage the lower cam wheel 84. The upper end of slider bar 138 is attached to an outer sleeve 146 which is used to guide the filamentary member into an opening in the substrate formed by needle 142 during the attachment of the filamentary member to the substrate. As shown in Figure 8, outer sleeve 146 has a lengthwise bore 148 for receiving

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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          desired pattern in a substrate 26 by moving the x-y and the and the analysis and 20 to position a desired
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  table 16 Via actuators 18 and 20 to position a desired and the
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         Stripper on the substrate between the anvil 150 and the inner and inner and inner and inner inner; on
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 drive the cams moving the activate motors 44 and 5.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         arive the cams moving the upper and lower insertion

accomply 100 and 112 of the filamentary member insertion

accomply many accompany insertion
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                                                                                                                                                                                                  attachment of the filamentary member so as to effect

who entracted manner so as to effect the substitute

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                                                                                                                                                                                         at the desired location. The substrate 26 may be, for
                                                                                                                                                                                 example, an article of clothing such as a hat or a
                                                                                                                                                                        example, an article of clothing such as a nat or a and article of clothing such as a nat or a and article of clothing such as a nat or a and article of clothing such as a nat or a and article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a article of clothing such as a nat or a such as a such
                                                                                                                                                                 Jacket
fibers and the filamentary members
outer ends extending through an
                                                                                                                                                          Outer surface of the clothing to display particular
                                                                                          20
                                                                                                                                                   Patterns and colors when illuminated.
                                                                                                                                   Apparatus Operation
                                                                                                                                                               Figures 9 through 14 present a series of views starting 10 starting
                                                                                                                 illustrating the operation of apparatus 10. Starting
                                                                                                         With Figure 9 (and With reference also to starting the commanded the response of the response 
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                                                                                                the control unit 158 has commanded the x- and y-
and yn horse the x- and y-
and yn horse the x- and y-
and 
                                                                                        actuators 18 and 20 to move substrate 26, held in
                                                                                 tentering frame 28, to position a predetermined
                                                                        Jocation on the substrate between anvil 150 and tenter the substrate between and the substrate between the substrate between and the substrate between the
                                                                Stripper on the substrate between anvil 150 and from a from a material and having
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                                                        a thickness suited to the narticular annication at having
                                               a thickness suited to the particular application at arrar hear.
                                                                                               Thermoplastics which take on a set after heating
                                  and cooling are preferred. In particular,
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polyvinylchloride is favored because it is inexpensive and can be obtained in a wide range of hardnesses, from a relatively stiff formulation to provide reinforcement to the substrate, to a soft, compliant, almost gelatinous layer which does not significantly affect the flexibility or "hand" of the fabric with which it is used. Other plastics, such as polystyrene are also feasible. The plastics may be heated directly as by the heated needle 142 or heated by pressure, as when the plastic layer is compressed as described below. Pressure set plastics are also feasible. The substrate may also include one or more additional layers 162. Additional layers 162 may be other plastic layers, membranous or woven, knitted or braided textiles as well as non-woven felts and may be formed of synthetic or natural materials such as continuous sheet material, fibers, yarns and the like. Although it is preferred to laminate the plastic layer 160 to the additional layer 162, it is not necessary to do so for attaching the filamentary member to the substrate since the process of attaching the filamentary member to the substrate also attaches the layers 160 and 162 to one It is also preferred to position the another. substrate 26 with the plastic layer facing the swaging tool 122 for reasons explained below. Note that in the initial configuration shown in Figure 9 the upper cam wheel 34 assumes a position wherein cams 48 and 50 position the swaging tool 122 and the stripper tube 126 away from the substrate 26. Similarly, lower cam wheel 84 assumes a position wherein cams 98 and 100 position the needle 142 and the outer sleeve 146 beneath the support surface 152 of the anvil 150 within the aperture 154. The filamentary member feed assembly 52 is quiescent at this time in the apparatus operation.

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In Figure 10, the control unit 158 has rotated to aberture 154
                                                                                                          In Figure 10, the control unit 158 has rotated the
                                                                                        and the outer sleeve 146 upwardly through aperture 154
                                                                                      and the outer steeve the upwardty through aperture to make the steeve to upward the confidence of the 
                                                                     5
                                                                                   with the substrate 26. The upper cam wheel 34 is also
                                                                                rotated substrate to the upper cam wheel 34 18 downwardly
                                                                              independently of the stripper tupe

annaning the swaging tool 122, the end of the

who the swaging tool 122, the end of the
                                                                            stripper tube engaging the substrate 26.
                                                                         tube 126, being spring the substrate do.

and and and and and and arrange the analysis and above, is
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                                                                       self-adjusting spring blased as described above, is regardless
                                                                     of its thickness.
                                                                           As shown in Figure 11, the stripper tube 126 is
                                                             advanced downwardly by further stripper tube 126 is and the upper
                                                          Cam wheel 34 causing the needle 142 and the outer outer of the up.
                                                                                                                                                                                     The stripper
                                       15
                                                        Sleeve 146 to penetrate the substrate 26 and form an
                                                     Opening 146 to Penetrate the substrate 26 and torm an harden the needle 142 and the outer
                                                   sleeve 146 therein.

snowniata to mark a houn the needle to a temperature
                                                 appropriate to preterably heated to a temperature

one indicate to melt a portion 166 of the plastic layer
                                              The surrounding opening 164 for reasons described described
                           50
                                           below. Note that the needle for reasons described to the outer sleeve
                                         below.

146 are received within the bore 128 of stripper tube
                                        <sup>12</sup>6.
                                              As shown in Figure 12, appropriate further
                               rotation of the upper and lower cam wheels 34 and 84
            25
                            causes needle 142 to and lower cam wheels 34 and 84

sintage the anvil support
                          Causes needle 14% to retract beneath the anvil super race 152 into
                       proximity with the outer sleeve 146. The passageway
                     proximity with the outer steeve 146.

The swaging tool 122 aligns with the passageway four the control introduction into 148 of
                   the outer swaging tool less aligns with the bore lass of and fa commands
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                Motor 54 to spin nip rollers 56 and 58, drawing

Lue outer steeve 140 and the control whit 120 co
              filamentary member 70 from its spool (not shown) and harmal range in mulide
           advance it downwardly, through channel 68 in guide
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block 66, through passageway 130 in the swaging tool
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Dlock 66, through passageway law in the swaging tool of through into outer one ning into outer
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                sleeve 146 until it extends into or through opening 164
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          sleeve 146 until it extends into or through opening 16 have that it is convenient, but act.
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as a quide to englire that it is convenient, but

that the substrate 26.

Note that it is convenient, but

that the filamentary, mamhar 70 is
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            as a guide to ensure the outer sleeve 146, which acts of the outer of 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Positioned reliably within the opening 164.
                                                                                                                                                                                                              aforementioned reliably within the opening loa. The which fotation also advances the
                                                                                                                                                                                                       stripper tube 126 which forces the substrate 26 into
                                                                                                                                                 10
                                                                                                                                                                                                  contact with the support surface 152 on anvil 150.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     As shown in Figure 13, further rotation of the cam
                                                                                                                                                                           wheels 34 and 84 under the direction of the control

or rational than 145 to the control
                                                                                                                                                                    wheels 34 and 84 under the the direction of the control surrface 145 to retract beneath
                                                                                                                                                             the anvil support surface 142, thus leaving the mamhar 70 within tha leaving the one of 
                                                                                                       15
                                                                                                                                                        filamentary member 70 within the opening 164 in
                                                                                                                                               Substrate 36. The Within the opening loa in the retreating outer sleeve to engage the
                                                                                                                                          wake of the retreating outer sleeve to engage the
                                                                                                                                  Swaging Surface ling outer steeve to engage the rha nlaar; lavar 150 mha awan; no tron 122 mith the substrate 26, preferably
                                                                                                                           against the plastic layer 160. The swaging tool 122
                                                                     50
                                                                                                                   Compresses the substrate 26 against the anvil support
                                                                                                              Surface 152 With substrate 26 against the anvil supplementation of the constant force and
                                                                                                      regardless of the substantially constant force and the substrate thickness due to the
                                                                                              regaraless of the biasing action of the substrate thickness are to the air spring on which the swaging aring
                                                                                        biasing action of the air spring on which the swaging the nortion 166 of the nlastic
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                                                                                  surface 132 deforms the portion 166 of the plastic

'non in into the plastic

'non in into the plastic
                                                                           surrace 132 derorms the Portion lee of the filamentary member 70. thus attaching if the plastic with
                                                                    the filamentary member 70, thus attaching it to the and iso
                                                             Substrate as well as attaching layers 160 and 162

or the filamentary member to the contract of the contract o
                                                       together. By Virtue attaching layers loo and los the noncave conical shape of nortion is
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                                               the swaging surface of the concave conical shape of conical shape conic
                                        is formed into a complementary conical shape which the swaging surface is, the plastic layer portion the swaging surface is, the plastic layer portion which the swaging surface is the shape which is the swaging surface is the swa
                                 provides for a complementary conical snape which is filamentary
                          provides for a secure attachment or the substrate 26 with a relatively high
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pull-out strength. It is preferred to heat the needle
                                                           pull-out strength. It is preferred to near the men had and the outer and in an arrival filamentary member 20 in arrival fil
                                                                                 filamentary member 70 is an optical fiber.
                                                                                                  tllamentary member 70 ls an optical tiber. then needle melts the plastic portion 166 which then
                                                                                                                                            partially melts and fuses with the cladding layer 166 is the portion 166 is the portion 166 is the portion of the cladding layer 166 is the cladd
                                                                                                                      needle melts and fuses with the cladding needle melts and fuses with the partially melts and reciprocal filters.
                                                                                                                                                                                    swaged. Inla rusing or the plastic with the cladding of the plastic with the cladding strength attachment of fiber to
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              substrate. Melting of the plastic layer is also row the plastic layer is also row the plastic layer is also row the substrate. Melting other types of filamentary row horn the advantageous with other nortion is also will fine to horn advantageous with provided adva
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  advantageous with other types of filamentary members to both the awarea to both the awarea to be a start and the layer 160 will fuse to both the awarea to be a start and the layer 160 winher and the layer 160 will be a supplied to both the layer 160 will fuse to both
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                     substrate.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    contact with the rilamentary member to obtain an acceptable bond, the heating it!
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           nearling 10 operain an acceptable bond, the ponding upon friction and interference attachment depending and the filter attachment hermoon the property of the 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        attachment depending upon triction and interterence the filamentary member, the attachment the plastic and the filamentary herween the plastic har compression it herween the plastic har compression in herween the plastic harmonic mental hypersecond h
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Detween the plastic and the fillamentary member, the or to plastic being melted by compressing it mirror mirror plastic being melted by compressing it mirror mirror plastic too?
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          plastic being melted by compressing it between the anvil support surface 152.
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Figure 14 shows the upper cam wheel with the whereby rotation of the upper next engagement with the whereby rotation 122 out of engagement with the whereby the ewaring tool
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Figure 14 shows the next step in the process
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               the swaging tool 122 out of engagement with the the tube 126 is maintained in the stripper tube 126 anainer the substrate 26. Substrate 26. holding the substrate 15 position.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     whereby rotation of the upper cam wheel 34 tirst the with the whereby rotation of the upper cam wheel 34 tirst the with the of engagement with the the swaging the
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   substrate 26. holding to come that an amount its position; and a common to come the common to common the common that common the common 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   its position, holding the substrate that the swaging the substrate that the there anvil surface 122 to the entrate anvil canarates aleaning from the entrate anvil canarates
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 tool separates cleanly from the substrate to adhere to the substrate to adhere to adhere to the substrate to adhere the substrate to adhere the substrate to the arrinner time is the substrate to adhere the substrate 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       anvil support surface 152 to ensure that the swaging the substrate, there tool separates cleanly from the substrate in the substrate.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  sometimes being a tendency for the substrate to adhere not the stripper tube of annument with annumerate to the swaging surface of annument with annumerate to the swaging out of annument with annumerative of annument with annument to the swaging surface of annument with a substrate to adhere the substrate the substra
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                as indicated by arrow 168. Further length of the feed as desired by the feed as indicated by arrow nember 70 may be fed as commands a filamentary member and the control unit 158 commands a filamentary and the control unit 158 commands are filamentary and the control unit 158 control unit 158
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         18 moved upwardly out of engagement length of survived hy arrow 168. he fold a decired he
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    rllamencary memper 10 may be red as desired by the control unit 158 commands a assembly 52, and the control unit 158 commands.
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cutting blade assembly 170 into action to sever the filamentary member 70. Cutting blade assembly 170 is preferably mounted on the upper mounting plate 30 between the stripper tube 126 and the x-y table 16 as shown in Figure 3. The apparatus is then ready to repeat the process by repositioning the substrate to a new location for the next attachment.

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The apparatus according to the invention permits filamentary members such as optical fibers to be attached to substrates precisely, rapidly, repeatedly and reliably, the fibers being held securely in the substrate against significant pull-out forces. Although a specific embodiment is shown and described above, variations on the details of the constriction and operation of the apparatus are contemplated which do not depart from the scope of the invention. and y-direction actuators which move the x-y table are preferably electro-mechanical but could also be pneumatic or hydraulically driven. Although cams are preferred to coordinate and control the relative movements of the stripper tube, swaging tool, needle and outer sleeve comprising the insertion assembly, these components could also be moved by means of stepper motors, hydraulic or pneumatic actuators or solenoids controlled by the control unit. the nip rollers forming the feeding assembly also could be directly driven by separate motors under the command of the controls system. While the swaging surface is preferably conical, it is not limited to that shape, and could, for example, be hemi-spherical or another practical shape which promotes swaging of the plastic Furthermore, the motion of the various components is relative and, thus, which components move

and which components are stationary is largely a matter of detailed practical design.

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